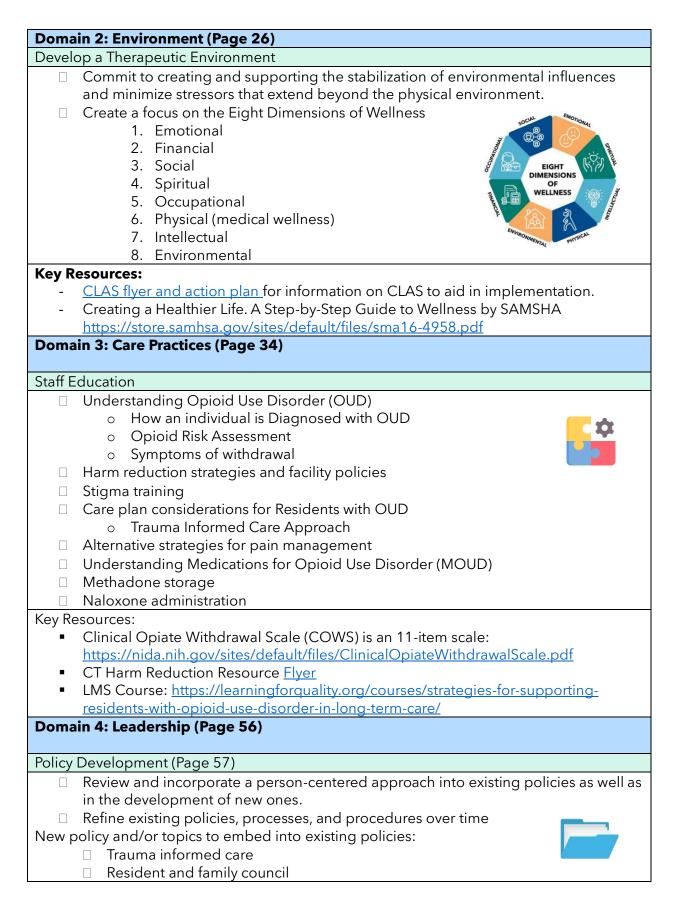
	ain 1: Workplace Practice (Page 8)
Persor	n-Centered Approach (Page 9)
	Include in onboarding education
	Include in continuing education and training
	Identify Champions
Staff R	Recruitment (Page 10)
	Develop screening questions to identify candidates for this population of residents.
	Recruit a workforce that is reflective of the community.
	Embed organizational culture into the interview process to
	include descriptions of an empathetic organization free from
	bias and stigma.
	Ask interview questions that help the candidate share their
	values.
Enhar	nce Staff Roles * (Page 23)
	Aftercare Specialist
	Recreational Therapy
	Resident Ambassador Program
≁⊡ .(.	eta deservativa eta fizik estas index Textuto
^Refer	r to descriptions of job roles in the Toolkit
Staff T	raining (Pages 11-22)
A staff	training plan should incorporate an interdisciplinary, person-centered
	ach and enhance the following topics:
	OUD as a chronic disease
	Overdose prevention and Naloxone use
	Recognizing signs of withdrawal, utilizing the Clinical Opiate Withdrawal Scale
	(COWs)
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma
	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery
Contraction Contra	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery esources:
Key Re	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery esources: Modules: https://learningforquality.org/courses/strategies-for-supporting-residents-
Key Re	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery esources: Modules: https://learningforquality.org/courses/strategies-for-supporting-residents- ppioid-use-disorder-in-long-term-care/
Key Re	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery esources: Modules: https://learningforquality.org/courses/strategies-for-supporting-residents- ppioid-use-disorder-in-long-term-care/ o Understanding Opioid Use Disorder
Key Re	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery esources: Modules: https://learningforquality.org/courses/strategies-for-supporting-residents- opioid-use-disorder-in-long-term-care/ o Understanding Opioid Use Disorder o What is an Overdose?
Key Re	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery esources: Modules: https://learningforquality.org/courses/strategies-for-supporting-residents- opioid-use-disorder-in-long-term-care/ o Understanding Opioid Use Disorder o What is an Overdose? o Addressing Stigma and Bias
Key Re	Stigma and bias training and use of person first language Harm Reduction principles How to engage residents to establish a positive relationship including de-escalation and empathy techniques Understanding of the six stages of behavioral change Trauma-informed care and addressing underlying trauma Use of motivational interviewing Training in recreation therapy to meet the needs of younger residents and programs to support recovery esources: Modules: https://learningforquality.org/courses/strategies-for-supporting-residents- opioid-use-disorder-in-long-term-care/ o Understanding Opioid Use Disorder o What is an Overdose?



Harm reduction
Therapeutic environment
Person-first language
Cultural and linguistic appropriate services
Mutual agreements that promote resident safety
 Managing and securing pre-poured methadone
 Self-administration of MOUD
Guidance for Onsite Methadone Maintenance Service Delivery for Nursing Homes that are
a Satellite to an Opioid Outpatient Treatment Program (OTP) at Skilled Nursing and Other
Long Term Care Facilities [SNF] (Page 60)
See separate checklist for Guidance
Transportation (Page 62)
Arrange transportation of Methadone to the Long-Term Facility (for residents on
Methadone with a take-home waiver) *
 Utilize the Chain of Custody form
 Arrange transportation to the Opioid Treatment Program (for residents without a
take-home waiver) *
*Refer to the toolkit for additional information regarding these processes.
Creating a Safe Transition for Residents (Page 64)
Complete a Qualified Service Organization Agreement (QSOA)
 Obtain Release of Information before discharge from the hospital
 Obtain an Opioid Use Disorder Agreement, if applicable
 Consider Long Term Services and Support Resources such as:
 Onsider Long Term Services and Support Resources such as: Nursing Home Diversion and Transition Program
 Money Follows the Person Area Agencies on Aging
 Area Agencies on Aging
Key Resources:
 Best Practice Guide for policy development: <u>Engaging People Who Receive</u>
Services
Person-Centered Organizational Assessment
 Person-centered indicators: <u>Person-Centered Thinking</u>, <u>Planning</u>, and <u>Practice</u>: <u>A</u>
<u>National Environmental Scan of Indicators</u> .
 <u>Nursing Home Diversion (ct.gov)</u>
 Money Follows the Person Program (ct.gov)
 <u>Area Agencies on Aging (ct.gov)</u>
Domain 5: Family and Community (Page 66)
Opioid Treatment Programs (OTP)
Establish a relationship between the facility and an OTP
Solicit the assistance of DMHAS and/or DPH if needed
 Evaluate and connect the resident(s) with a local OTP or MOUD prescriber, if not
already connected
Community Resources
Help residents build and/or maintain connections with the community.

Explore the following:

- Warm lines
- □ Recovery support groups
- □ Peer recovery
- □ Virtual support meetings
- □ Patient navigators
- □ Sober living homes/certified Sober living homes
- □ Employment support
- Opioid family education support groups

Key Resources

- Connecticut Mental Health Network: <u>https://portal.ct.gov/dmhas/programs-and-services/finding-services</u>
- Connecticut Community for Addiction Recovery (CCAR): <u>https://ccar.us/about-ccar/</u>

Domain 6: Stakeholders and Regulatory (Page 73)

Recommendations:

- □ Review resident rights protections
- □ Review the American Disability Act
- Partner with survey team & ombudsman to develop the necessary structures to provide the greatest care for people with OUD
- □ Talk with other providers to develop and share strong policies and procedures

Key Resources

- CT LTC Regulations: <u>https://portal.ct.gov/ltcop/regulations</u>
- SAMSHA: <u>https://www.samhsa.gov/about-us/who-we-are/laws-regulations</u>
- American Disabilities Act (ADA): <u>https://adata.org/factsheet/health-care-and-ada</u> or <u>https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/special-topics/community-living-and-olmstead/mds-guidance-bulletin/index.html</u>